

## THIRD PERSON SINGULAR PART 1

第三人单数是中国学生最常见的错误之一。  
我们一起复习第三人单数的语法规则。  
这个文件包括录音，请下载再做听力练习！  
准备好了吗？我们开始吧！



### 1 第三人称单数的规则（一般现在时）

#### 肯定句 (Affirmative sentences):

当主语是he, she, it 或单个人名时，动词要加 -s 或 -es。

例如：

- He **likes** ice cream. (他喜欢冰淇淋。)
- She **goes** to school by bus. (她坐公交车去上学。)

#### 否定句 (Negative sentences):

要用 does not (doesn't) 加上动词原形。

例如：

- He **doesn't** like ice cream. (他不喜欢冰淇淋。)
- She **doesn't** go to school by bus. (她不坐公交车去上学。)

#### 疑问句 (Interrogative sentences):

要用 Does 加上主语和动词原形。

例如：

- **Does** he like ice cream? (他喜欢冰淇淋吗？)
- **Does** she go to school by bus? (她坐公交车去上学吗？)

小心！疑问句中，主要动词的后头没有 -s 或 -es。Does已经包括第三人单数的 -es。



## 2 在第三人称单数的 -s 或 -es 下划线

### Emily's Daily Life

Emily lives in Melbourne, Australia. Every morning, she gets up at 7 o'clock. She brushes her teeth and eats breakfast with her family. After breakfast, she goes to school by bike. She studies hard and loves science.

In the afternoon, she plays with her friends at the park. She likes to play soccer. At night, she writes to her penpal and tells her about her day. She feels happy to share her routine!

## 3 要用 -s 或者 -es 🤔

什么时候加 -s?

大多数动词后面加 -s。

例如：

He likes playing football. (他喜欢踢足球。)

She reads books every day. (她每天看书。)

什么时候加 -es?

如果动词以 -s, -sh, -ch, -x, -o 结尾，要加 -es。

例如：

He watches TV every night. (他每天晚上看电视。)

She goes to school by bus. (她坐公交车上学。)

He fixes his bike. (他修理他的自行车。)

**特殊情况：以辅音字母加 y 结尾的动词**

如果动词以辅音字母加 -y 结尾，要把 y 变成 i 再加 -es。

例如：

He studies hard. (他学习很努力。)

(study → studies)

**但如果动词以元音字母加 -y 结尾，只加 -s。**

例如：

She plays the piano. (她弹钢琴。)

## 4 用 -s 或 -es 写动词

1) (get) he .....

3) (live) he .....

5) (go) it .....

2) (like) she .....

4) (study) she .....

6) (feel) she .....

## 5 用第三人称表示这些人做什么

live - play - cook - sleep - go - study



1) He ..... tennis every day.



2) She ..... in a beautiful house.



3) He ..... to school by bike.



4) She ..... very hard  
to get good scores.



5) It always ..... in  
the afternoon.



6) He ..... noodles  
once a week.

## 6 将问题与上面的图片相匹配。

- |  |             |
|--|-------------|
| a) Does she study hard?                | • Picture 1 |
| b) Does it sleep in the afternoon?     | • Picture 2 |
| c) Does he go to school by bike?       | • Picture 3 |
| d) Does he play tennis every day?      | • Picture 4 |
| e) Does she live in a beautiful house? | • Picture 5 |
| f) Does he cook noodles once a week?   | • Picture 6 |



## 7 你还记得练习二的Emily? 把文章的单词换成否定的。

例如: *She ..... (like) apples → She doesn't like apples*

### Emily's Daily Life

Emily ..... (live) in Melbourne, Australia. Every morning, she ..... (get up) at 7 o'clock. She ..... (brush) her teeth and ..... (eat) breakfast with her family. After breakfast, she ..... (go) to school by bike. She ..... (study) hard and ..... (love) science.

In the afternoon, she ..... (play) with her friends at the park. She ..... (like) to play soccer. At night, she ..... (write) to her penpal and ..... (tell) her about her day. She ..... (feel) happy to share her routine!

## 8 听录音, 将第三人称动词的发音分为第一类: -s 或第二类: -es。

 track 1

Group 1: -s	Group 2: -es
1 - lives	